

# علاقات الدولة السعودية الثانية مع مصر العثمانية في النصف الثاني من القرن الثالث عشر الهجري

د. عايض بن خزام الروقي

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الوثائق والمصادر والمراجع

أولاً: الوثائق :

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- Osmanli ARŞivi DaiRE BAŞKANLIĞI.		
- Hat Humayune-	-	-
- IRade-Mesăil-I Múhimme -	-	-
- CeVdet-Dăhiliy	-	-
- IRade - Dăhiliy	-	-
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1- Document : F.O. 78/373 No.20 . pp 89-90

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ثانياً : المصادر والمخطوطات :

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ثالثاً : المراجع العربية والعربية :

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- 2- Dickson,(H.R.P.) : Kuwait and her Neighbours , PP.123-  
124.London,1956 .

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## الملاحق

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- Hurewitz.J.C:Diplomacy in The Near and Middle,East,Vol,1 .PP. 116-119

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of his sea and land forces, to withdraw immediately from Arabia, and from all the Holy Cities which are therein situated; from the Island of Candia; from the district of Adana; and from all other parts of the Ottoman Empire which are not comprised within the limits of Egypt, and within those of the Pashalic of Acre, as above defined.

§ 2. If within the space of ten days, fixed as above, Mehmet Ali should not accept the above-mentioned arrangement, the Sultan will then withdraw the offer of the life administration of the Pashalic of Acre; but His Highness will still consent to grant to Mehmet Ali, for himself and for his descendants in the direct line, the administration of the Pashalic of Egypt, provided such offer be accepted within the space of the ten days next following; that is to say, within a period of twenty days, to be reckoned from the day on which the communication shall have been made to him; and provided that in this case also, he places in the hands of the agent of the Sultan, the necessary instruction to his military and naval Commanders, to withdraw immediately within the limits, and into the ports of the Pashalic of Egypt.

§ 3. The annual tribute to be paid to the Sultan by Mehmet Ali, shall be proportioned to the greater or less amount of territory of which the latter may obtain the administration, according as he accepts the first or the second alternative.

§ 4. It is, moreover, expressly understood, that, in the first as in the second alternative, Mehmet Ali (before the expiration of the specified period of ten or of twenty days), shall be bound to deliver up the Turkish Fleet, with the whole of its crews and equipments, into the hands of the Turkish Agent who shall be charged to receive the same. The Commanders of the Allied Squadrons shall be present at such delivery.

It is understood, that in no case can Mehmet Ali carry to account, or deduct from the tribute to be paid to the Sultan, the expenses which he has incurred in the maintenance of the Ottoman Fleet, during any part of the time it shall have remained in the ports of Egypt.

§ 5. All the Treaties, and all the laws of the Ottoman Empire, shall be applicable to Egypt, and to the Pashalic of Acre, such as it has been above defined, in the same manner as to every other part of the Ottoman Empire. But the Sultan consents, that on condition of the regular payment of the tribute above-mentioned, Mehmet Ali and his descendants shall collect, in the name of the Sultan, and as the delegate of His Highness, within the provinces of the administration of which shall be confided to them, the taxes and imposts legally established. It is moreover understood, that in consideration of the receipt of the aforesaid taxes and imposts, Mehmet Ali and his descendants shall defray all the expenses of the civil and military administration of the said provinces.

§ 6. The military and naval forces which may be maintained by the Pasha of Egypt and Acre, forming part of the forces of the Ottoman Empire, shall always be considered as maintained for the service of the State.

§ 7. If, at the expiration of the period of twenty days after the communication shall have been made to him (according to the stipulation of § 2), Mehmet Ali shall not accede to the proposed arrangements; and shall not accept the hereditary Pashalic of Egypt, the Sultan will consider himself at liberty to withdraw that offer, and to follow in consequence, such ulterior course as his own interests, and the counsels of his Allies may suggest to him.

§ 8. The present Separate Act shall have the same force and validity, as if it were inserted, word for word, in the Convention of this date. It shall be ratified, and the ratifications thereof shall be exchanged at London at the same time as those of the said Convention. . . .

3. PROTOCOL

In affixing his signature to the Convention of this date, the Plenipotentiary of the Sublime Ottoman Porte declared: That in recording by Article IV. of the

said Convention the ancient rule of the Ottoman Empire, by virtue of which, it has been at all times forbidden to Foreign Vessels of War to enter within the Straits of the Dardanelles and of the Bosphorus, the Sublime Porte reserves to itself, as heretofore, to deliver passes to light vessels under Flag of War, which may be employed according to custom, for the service of the correspondence of the Legations of Friendly Powers.

The Plenipotentiaries of the Courts of Great Britain, Austria, Prussia, and Russia, took note of the above Declaration, for the purpose of communicating it to their respective Courts.

4. RESERVED PROTOCOL

The Plenipotentiaries of the Courts of Great Britain, Austria, Prussia, Russia, and Turkey, having, in virtue, of their full powers, concluded and signed this day a Convention between their respective Sovereigns, for the pacification of the Levant; Considering that, in consequence of the distances which separate the Capitals of their respective Courts, a certain space of time must necessarily elapse before the ratifications of the said Convention can be exchanged, and before orders founded thereupon can be carried into execution;

And the said Plenipotentiaries being deeply impressed with the conviction, that by reason of the present state of things in Syria, the interests of humanity, as well as the grave considerations of European policy which constitute the object of the common solicitude of the Contracting Parties to the Convention of this day, imperiously require that, as far as possible, all delay should be avoided in the accomplishment of the pacification which the said Convention is intended to effect;

The said Plenipotentiaries, in virtue of their full powers, have agreed, that the preliminary measures mentioned in Article II. of the said Convention, shall be carried into execution at once, without waiting for the exchange of the ratifications; the respective Plenipotentiaries recording formally, by the present Instrument, the consent of their

Courts to the immediate execution of these measures.

It is moreover agreed between the said Plenipotentiaries, that His Highness the Sultan will proceed immediately to address to Mehmet Ali, the communication and offers specified in the Separate Act annexed to the Convention of this day.

It is further agreed, that the Consular Agents of Great Britain, Austria, Prussia, and Russia, at Alexandria, shall place themselves in communication with the Agent whom His Highness may send thither to communicate to Mehmet Ali the above-mentioned offers; that the said Consuls shall afford to that Agent all the assistance and support in their power; and shall use all their means of influence with Mehmet Ali, in order to persuade him to accept the arrangement which will be proposed to him by order of His Highness the Sultan.

The Admirals of the respective squadrons in the Mediterranean shall be instructed to place themselves in communication with the said Consuls on this subject.

5. SELF-DENYING PROTOCOL

The Plenipotentiaries of the Courts of Great Britain, Austria, Prussia, and Russia, after having exchanged the ratifications of the Convention concluded on the 15th of July last, have resolved, in order to place in its true light the disinterestedness which has guided their Courts in the conclusion of that Act, to declare formally:

That in the execution of the engagements resulting to the Contracting Powers from the above-mentioned Convention, those Powers will seek no augmentation of territory, no exclusive influence, no commercial advantage for their subjects, which these of every other nation may not equally obtain.

The Plenipotentiaries of the Courts above-mentioned have resolved to record this Declaration in the present Protocol.

The Plenipotentiary of the Ottoman Porte, in paying a just tribute to the good faith and disinterested policy of the allied Courts, has taken cognizance of the Declaration contained in the present Protocol, and has undertaken to transmit it to his Court.

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— وَبَيْتُهُ عَمَّا بَيْنَهُ — الرَّسُولُ شَرِيفُ الْهَقْلَانِ — إِذَا مَطْلُوبُ

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الملحق الثاني منه صف البحث - ص ٣٢ -



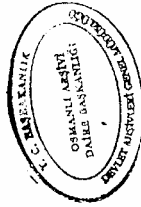
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وینقہ عثمانیہ - اندر شیخ العثماني - از مطبوعہ -  
مسائل صریحہ - ص ۷۴۳



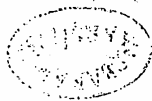
معروض عبد الصلوة و صلواته  
 اسبق نجد اميرى اولوب دولتو مهر و السى حضرت بك مجنده اكن برالانى فرارتمنى اولون بىخ فضلك مهر اولون  
 اولود و فرزندلرك رهى اولورف درعبر جيلى مناسب اولغى تفهيمونه و انى و السى دولتو علمه بك حضرتى  
 طرفدن توارداردن برظلمه تحزين نظور ساحتى اصفا نه لرى بورتلى ائده لفا تفهيم حضور عابدى كنوز و سالىله  
 حضرت بك در سعادته كلى اولون كندلرك لفاها واقع اطلاك اخام سه نظر فخصلى مزبورك زباد اهميه سنى  
 ايجانك منكره و اجلى ضمنه سالىله حضرتى بودفه سنده سوره جانبى بالذات غريبانه و شمد بك  
 بر صبه صورنه دبط و توفيقه موفه اولغى قويا مالمولارح الجوامع حضرت بك سعتا جارى افضل فريله دست  
 اولدغى تاكيد و بيه ايتى و واقا و ف كجسرين و مهر اولون فرنداشى دغى بلفق بر صورت كس ايدكسوزين  
 ايجانك سعتا جرسى بك اهم كوزش اولغيه اولبايى اموز فرامه حضرت مى لالو كركدر

— وَبَيْتُهُ عَمَّالِيَّةٌ — الدُّرَيْسِيُّفُ الْيَمَانِيُّ — اِبْرَاهِيمُ بْنُ  
صَالِحٍ مَوْلَانَهُ قَرَنَ ٤٣٧ هـ

ملفوظات امیر المومنین علیؑ





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- ونيمة عثمانية - الشريف الغماني - ارجل  
مسائل صفة رقم ١٧٩٩  
بالرقم الثالث



صاحب الرأى والمفكر والمجدد خضع للآثار فحصل امير وادباً فوجد زيدا رافيا  
غيب الهدى تسليما زهية زاهره وكسا تحيات بهية تلهج تلهجها هذه النيقة العليقة باليد المحبة والكرامة المنبأة عنه  
خالص الصحبة فالتفت لتحريره هو الابتداء بما يجب من المداوية بعفتم واللذان الاعلام بالعلم ان بالمكانية عنه تهتمهم  
المداوية اللاتقية كسعى في متقنية بالامكية استقصاؤه بالوصف وهو كالاخفى حطرت ما حل جهة الذين من مرد  
بعض الاثقا وما تجمعوا عليه من العيش والفساد وسلب الراحة والادنية وميلقر العلوم ان دورا الفاسد  
سندم على جلب الصالح وتلاف الجبه وان لم تكن تحت حكومة هذا الطرف لكن بالنظر لوصلة الارتباط بالدولة العلمية جسيما  
الاجتهاد من كل طرف بحسب ما يمكنه في ناديب مستعدى وبني وسلاك يسيل الضلال غوى هذا فضلا عن ان اتحاد الامم  
والاسلاميه هو ما يعضد امورها واجيب على الجميع الاتفاق في ردع الشر والاكثافا وانقادهم الى طريقه الرشد روي  
الامر العام ودوام الرعة للرعايا ويدل على هذا المهم الضروري سيريل مه هذا الطرف مأمور بخصوص عساكر لجمعها  
الفننه واخاد نبرك تلك الحركة القويبرضية ومه القديم مالد ومثوب انتساب حطرتك لمحبة اليه الصبره والقيام  
بقضا ما ينتم اليه الاضطال فزيادة لظهور ذلك ارضا احاطة حطرتك بما حصل به لشرع مرهفك وعناية المأمول ان ما  
لا الدس كركسكده مه هذا الطرف مريد على عدا ربه جبه جيلك سوا كان في تشييل امولكم اوقضا لوانهم يصبر جبه بوضفه  
وما يبرز مهمكم في هذا المقصد استخرج يكون داعيا لظهور ثمرات اجتهادكم واعلان خشيبة المحبة المائدة له السابيه  
لهذا لظهم هذا ما لرنم اعلام حطرتك به والسلام تحييرا هـ شـ المحبة لئلا

ورقيقة شتم ٨٨/٨ ذوات ١٨٤٤ - في خلا الذوات - ممظ شتم ١٨٤٤  
دار الوثائق القومية بالقاهرة - للمرقع الحامس سيزا هـ الحوت - ١٨٤٤